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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/822,857	04/13/2004	Qingping Zhuan	12230-3	2662	
1059	7590 10/19/2004		EXAMINER		
BERESKIN AND PARR			COLE, LAURA C		
SCOTIA PLA 40 KING STI	AZA REET WEST-SUITE  40	00 BOX 401	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	ON M5H 3Y2		1744		
CANADA			DATE MAILED: 10/19/200	ATE MAILED: 10/19/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	1
Office Action Commence	10/822,857	ZHUAN, QINGPING	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	_
	Laura C Cole	1744	
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a relif NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	1.  1.136(a). In no event, however, may a seply within the statutory minimum of thind will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI ute, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communication BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ก.
Status			
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22	July 2004.		
	nis action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	·	·	s
Disposition of Claims			
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-10 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	awn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examir	ner.		
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on 13 April 2004 is/are:	a)⊠ accepted or b)□ obje	cted to by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to th	e drawing(s) be held in abeya	ice. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre			d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Buret * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in A ority documents have been au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)	•		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)	
<ol> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 07222004.</li> </ol>		s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO-152) 	ž

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

## **Double Patenting**

1. A rejection based on double patenting of the "same invention" type finds its support in the language of 35 U.S.C. 101 which states that "whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process ... may obtain a patent therefor ..." (Emphasis added). Thus, the term "same invention," in this context, means an invention drawn to identical subject matter. See *Miller v. Eagle Mfg. Co.*, 151 U.S. 186 (1894); *In re Ockert*, 245 F.2d 467, 114 USPQ 330 (CCPA 1957); and *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970).

A statutory type (35 U.S.C. 101) double patenting rejection can be overcome by canceling or amending the conflicting claims so they are no longer coextensive in scope. The filing of a terminal disclaimer <u>cannot</u> overcome a double patenting rejection based upon 35 U.S.C. 101.

Claims 9 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 as claiming the same invention as that of claims 11 and 12 of prior U.S. Patent No. 6721986. This is a double patenting rejection.

2. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1 and 2 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousnesstype double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1 and 2 of U.S. Patent No.

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6721986. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the structure required by Claim 1 of the instant application is found verbatim in Claim 1 of USPN 6721986. Claim 1 of USPN 6721986 further includes a portion of the structure of Claim 2 of the instant application. The subject matter found in Claims 1 and 2 of the instant application is found wholly Claims 1 and 2 of USPN 6721986. It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to recognize that claim 1 in the instant application covers not only the same, but a greater scope than Claim 1 of the patent

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 1 and 3-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Ullrich, DE 3544256.

Ullrich displays an electric toothbrush comprising a housing (Figure 1), an electric motor (15) having a motor output member for rotation about a motor output axis (16), a first transmission to convert rotational movement into rotational reciprocating movement at a first angular speed or sweep (first transmission includes gears (17) and (18), and crank element (19) that slides in the gap (20) to provide reciprocating movement), and a second transmission linked to the first transmission (linked by (22)) to convert the rotational reciprocating movement of the first transmission into a rotational reciprocating

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movement at a second average angular speed or sweep about a second transmission output axis that is parallel to the motor output axis (Figure 1) and to drive an output member being a brush head (Figure 1) to reciprocate at a second average angular speed or sweep about a second transmission output axis (second transmission includes gears (27), (28), (23), and (24) which would have the second average angular speed or sweep about the second transmission output axis different than the first average angular speed or sweep seeing how the gear train of the second transmission inherently changes the speed of the first transmission). The motor output member comprises a first gear (17) and the first transmission comprises a rotatable second gear which mates with the first gear member (18, with axis y), an orbiting member attached to the second gear to convert rotation of the second gear to orbital movement (19), and a rotatable slotted member slidably connected to the orbiting member to convert the orbital movement into rotational reciprocating movement a first average angular speed or sweep (slotted member (21) has slot (20)). The brush head output member (3) has an axis angled relative to the second transmission output axis (it is angled 180°). It appears from Figure 1 that the second average angular speed and sweep (taken at (27)) or (23)) is greater than the first average angular speed and sweep (the speed of (19) upon gear (18)) since the Applicant discloses in Paragraph 17 of the Specification that the second average angular speed and sweep are larger than the first average angular speed and sweep in inverse proportion to the ratio of their radii. Ullrich, DE 3544256 does not disclose a section of internal gear connected to the first transmission.

#### Conclusion

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4. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

USPN 5,353,460 to Bauman discloses a power driven toothbrush with a transmission, electric motor, housing, a section of internal gear (20) with a gear drivenly connected to section(s) of the internal gear for rotational reciprocating movement (see Figures 3-4) along a second angular sweep about a gear member axis that is parallel to the motor output axis, however does not drive an output member to reciprocate. The output member comprises a brush head having an axis that is angled 90° to the gear member axis.

USPN 5,822,821 to Sham discloses a housing, motor, a transmission allowing reciprocating rotary movement to drive a brush head, but does not disclose a second transmission or a section of internal gear.

USPN 5,974,615 to Schwartz-Hartmann et al. disclose a housing, motor, a transmission allowing reciprocating rotary movement to drive a brush head, but does not disclose a second transmission or a section of internal gear.

USPN 3,577,579 to Duve discloses a housing, motor, a transmission allowing reciprocating rotary movement to drive a brush head, but does not disclose a second transmission or a section of internal gear.

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Laura C Cole whose telephone number is (571) 272-1272. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday, 7:30am - 5pm, alternating Fridays.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert J Warden can be reached on (571) 272-1281. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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14 October 2004

ROBERT J. WARDEN, SR.
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1700

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